A Harbinger Much high water & Bridges floating Away

BELLEFONTE PATRIOT.

BELLEFONTE, CENTRE COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA, PRINTED BY H. PETRIKIN.

Vol. IV. *WEDNESDAY, March* 13, 1822. *No.* 44

CONDITIONS.

The price of this paper is TWO DOLLARS per annum—but if paid in advance, ONE DOLLAR AND SEVENTY FIVE CENTS only will be charged.

Advertisements, making no more in length than breadth, will be inserted three times for one dollar; and for every subsequent continuance twenty-five cents.—Those of greater length in proportion.—Rule or figure work double those rates.

No subscription will be received for less than one year; nor any paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid.

If the subscriber does not request a discontinuance of his paper, at the end of the year, it will be considered as a new engagement; and the paper forwarded accordingly.

Subscribers who have their papers carried by the mail, must be liable for the postage.

Letters addressed to the editor must be post paid.

Hiester, Binns, Trevor and consistency!

READ THE FOLLOWING:

(It is an extract from Governor Heister's Inaugural address.)

"In approaching the station to which I have been called, with a due sense of its difficulty & responsibility, I pledge myself to pursue with sincerity and diligence that course which my best judgment shall direct to promote the public happiness, believing that to cherish and strengthen an attachment, to free government, to soften the rancor and allay the prejudices of party spirit, to unite the mass of the people as one republican family, will be among the means of increasing the comforts of social life. I shall direct all my efforts to acomplish those purposes. Considering myself as elected by the people of this commonwealth and not by any particular denomination of persons, I shall endeavour to deserve the name of Chief Magistrate of Pennsylvania, and to pelation of a governor of a party. In appointments to office it will be my endeavour to select, without distinction of party, such as I believe to be most honest and capable."

NOW READ THIS

It is Governor Hiester's speech to Mr Trevor, as published in the Democratic Press, Feb. 22, 1822.)

"The governor thus addressed him." "Mr Trevor I am sorry that the public are to lose your services as state treasurer. I never heard a complaint either as to your honesty or capacity. From *political considerations* you have been put out by the friends of Mr St. Clair. I consider it my *duty* to *my political friends* to act upon the same principle. I shall *therefore* remove Mr. St Clair from the office in Fayette county: As I know of no one in that county better qualified than you are to be his successor or who would be more acceptable to the PEOPLE* you will oblige me by accepting the office."

* Strange indeed, that Mr Trevor's appointment would be "acceptable to the people," when the people did not petition for Trevor's appointment or St. Clair's removal. *Penn. Intel.*

MAILS—FLOODS—ROADS—BRIDGES.

The eastern mail due yesterday morning arrived last night at eight or nine o'clock. The road is almost impassable between Trenton and Brunswick, and both stone bridges on the Assinpink creek leading into Trenton were carried away the night before last by the flood and ice. The inundation was so great as to force the inhabitants of some neighboring houses to leave them. A horse was drowned in attempting to ford the road near Stony Brook between Trenton and Princeton. The lady riding him was saved with difficulty.

The southern mail due yesterday morning arrived near one o'clock last night, or rather this morning. The Brandywine bridge, a mile on this side of Wilmington, was carried away and the road from Baltimore is very bad.

The western mail due at four o'clock yesterday afternoon arrived about twelve last night.

We hear from all directions of the dreadful state of the roads, some of them, particularly that leading up to the Falls of Schuylkill, on the other side of the river, literally choaked up in places with ice, mud and water.

Another tremendous flood, overflowing Jones's Falls in Baltimore, injuring the extensive Distillery of Dr. White and the Brewery of Mr. M'Causland, and filling the cellars in the vicinity of the Falls, took place on Thursday morning.

Neither the southern nor eastern mail due this day had arrived when our paper was put to press.

F. Gaz.

The superior court of Georgia has convicted Calvin, Jones, and Howell, of counterfeiting and aiding in counterfeiting the notes of the Bank of the United States. They are to be sentenced to the penetentiary for a long term of years.

From the Savanna Republican, Feb 13.

General Scott and suite arrived here last evening from St. Augustine, in the steam schooner Fidelity.

There are some men in the country who seem determined, if possible, to degrade and destroy the fame of Andrew Jackson. The conduct of this peerless hero and noble spirited veteran is to be brought before congress for investigation. It is however a consoling reflection, when we see him, who led his country to glory and victory, assailed by the poisoned shafts of the most ungrateful calumniators, and descending to the grave blasted by suspicion and slander, that the faithful historian will do justice to the character of Jackson.

From the Charleston Gaz. Feb. 16.

More Pirates captured

The United States schr. GRAMPUS, 12 guns, lieutenant Gregory, from a cruize of four months in the West Indies and along the Spanish Maine, arrived at our port yesterday morning, last from Santa Martha—She has brought in three pirates, James Maxfield, one of the crew that robbed the Orleans of Philadelphia, and Charles Owens and James Ross who robbed a Portsmouth schooner of 2600 dollars in the Bite of Leogane. One of these daring freebooters was delivered up to lieutenant Gregory by the governor of St. Bartholomew, and the other two by the President of Hayti, for trial by the United States. The Grampus has boarded several privateers during her cruize, and traversed a space of 9000 miles, spreading terror among those wretches whose impotence is equal to their atrocity, and who only require active pursuit to frighten them out of visible existence.

We learn by the above arrival, that the inhabitants Portobello and Panama had expelled the Spaniards, and declared for the patriots. About two thousand men had embarked at Carthagena, the middle of January, to garrison those places. A fleet with two thousand men sailed from Santa Martha during the same month for Marcaibo and Porto Cabello, and it was confidently expected that these places would surrender upon the first summons.

The Grampus touched at Cape Tiberoon, Hayti. Seven thousand men had marched for the city of St. Domingo; it was reported that the advance had taken possession of the city, and that the whole island was completely in possession of the blacks. This information confirms what we received a few days ago via Savannah.

The Grampus left at Santa Martha the schooners Orb and Eastern Trader of Boston, and Independence of Baltimore, to sail in a few days; put midshipman Booth and a crew on board the schooner Little Cherub of Boston, and ordered her for Charleston, the captain [Athearn] and crew having died; the captain of the Eastern Trader was also deceased.

On the 1st February the Grampus boarded a vessel off Cape Cruz, which informed that they saw the day before an American brig of war with a schooner a prize in company. The Cape Tiberoon, middle of January, with a schooner a prize in company.

Captain Chazel of this city, came passenger in the Grampus from Carthagena; captain Chazel had sold his vessel at that port.

Our harbour at present exhibits a proud and pleasing sight. Besides the ships in Port, ready to transmit our products to the extremities of the earth, we behold a portion, small but respectable of our gallant navy—the United States schooners *Alligator* lieutenant Stockton, 12 guns; *Grampus*, lieutenant *Gregory*, 12; *Porpoise* lieutenant Ramage, 12; *Revenge*, lieutenant Hammersly, 6. The Grampus and the Porpoise are from a successful cruize. The Grampus has rendered essential service to the cause of American Commerce by convoying vessels from the Spanish Maine. The Porpoise has captured a number of Pirates, and destroyed some of their nests on the coast of Cuba. The Alligator is at this moment ready to proceed on a cruize to the West Indies.

The United States brigs Spark and Enterprize are both immediately expected here. If reports speak true, they have cleared the coast of some of its incumbrances.

H. M. B. schooner Speedwell, 12 guns, Lieutenant Greary, is now in port. In looking at her with her flag wafted playfully upon the breeze, and in amicable and silent society with our vessels of war, we cannot help the contrast when "the bravest of the brave" of the two leading powers of the earth were arrayed in bloody opposition. Far distant be that day again! While there are injuries to redress, robbers to punish, and commerce to protect how much more noble the union of such powers in the great cause of justice!

From the Trenton Papers, Feb. 23

The new bridge over the Assinpink between this city and Bloomsbury was swept away by the flood on Thursday evening; and the stone bridge over the same stream, between this place and Mill Hill, which has stood about sixty years, and was successfully defended against Cornwallis by General Washington in 1777, gave way yesterday morning. A stone building formerly occupied as a gris mill, but latterly for picking and carding cotten for Mr. Well's Factory, was in part undermined and thrown down, and part of the machinery carried away by the torrent.

One damage sustained in this place probably amounts to five or six thousand dollars, independent of what will ensue from the suspension of the operations of one or both of the cotton factories. A temporary bridge was commenced at the upper side last evening which is now passable.

We are informed that the bridge at Crosswicks, and about 40 feet of that at Lawrie's Mills, have been carried away. We have also heard of a number of mill dams which have been destroyed or injured.

The bridge over the Rariton, at Boundbrook, was, we are informed, carried away by a fresh on Saturday last.

From the Wilmington Watchman.

The greatest fall of snow we have had this season fell on the 18th inst. It commenced early in the morning, was preceded by a heavy fall of rain which produced such a swell in some of our streams as to carry away some bridges.

The chain Bridge, and part of the mill adjoining the southern abutment, have been carried away, together with a number of small buildings on the margin of the stream. We have heard of one life being lost, and it is to be feared there are several more.

On Thursday morning, the water rose so suddenly in the mill pond at St. Georges, as to run over the dam, pass round the north side of the mill, forcing its way through the lower story, undermining the wall, and finally tumbling into ruins the whole structure, and making a breach through the dam of at least one hundred f

Pennsylvania Legislature

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Monday Feb. 25.

REPORTS

Mr. Anderson, from the committee on the judiciary system, to whom was referred a petition for an alteration of the ninth judicial district, reported unfavourably to the petitioners, and said report was read and adopted. He also reported the following bills: 1. A supplement to an act entitled An act to alter the judiciary system of this commonwealth—2. A supplement to an act entitled An act directing sheriffs and coroners to give sufficient surety for the faithful execution of their official duties, and for other purposes—3. An act to prevent waste in certain cases within this commonwealth.

Mr. M, Call, from the committee on vice and immorality reported a bill—An act to prevent the disturbance of meetings held for the purpose of religious worship.

Wednesday Feb. 27,

Mr. Gilliland offered the following which was read and laid on the table.

Resolved, That a committee be appointed to enquire into the expediency of having the ordinary printing of the commonwealth executed according to certain established regulations, and that the committee be authorised to report by bill or otherewise.

Mr. Forward, offered the following which was read and laid on the table:

Whereas it has been currently reported that a correspondence took place between certain judges of the courts of this commonwealth and the Executive, on the subject of the constitutionality of the late adjournment of the legislature; And whereas it is right and important that the people should know what has been the conduct of their servants in all matters of public interest,

Therefore

Resolved, That the Governor be requested to lay before this House any letters on the subject in his possession, or to which he may have access, and any information he may possess relative to that matter.

The bill granting the sum of 10,000 dollars, for the removal of obstructions in the Harbor of Presque Isle was read a third time and passed.

The bill for the removal of the seat of justice of Delaware county wa

Election Districts in Pennsylvania

THE PATRIOT

Not for himself, but for his country."

WEDNESDAY, March 13.

DIED—On Monday morning last, at the house of Mr. John Lamb, in Walker township, MARINUS KING LAMB, aged 19 years.

We copy the following from the "*Sunbury Inquirer.*" It so exactly coincides with our own opinion on the subject that we can not forbear giving it an insertion. It is a serious and solemn fact, that the Democratic party has been ruined by such *mushroon* democrats as *William Clark*. To what can we attribute the desertion from the ranks of the party of men long devoted to it, but to the preference given in appointments to office of *political trimmers ! !*

From the Sunbury Inquirer.

Mr. *Editor*—I have read the production of one of your correspondents, as also the extract from the Bellefonte Patriot, thereunto subjoined, published in your paper a few weeks since. The Author one would suppose was a democrat, zealous in the cause, strongly attached to principle and a great *stickler* for Union. I think his zeal is rather in the cause of a *certain class of men* than of the party; his principle in proportion to his interests; and his desire of union so far as it will preserve his own views, and those of his *time serving* friends. One would not suppose either that he was of the lineage of Solomon, for at the same time that he deprecates internal dissention & is loud for unanimity, he is promoting the first and preventing the last—and I dare venture to say that he would be, if he could a greater disturber of the peace of the Democratic family than the writer in the Bellefonte Patriot. The latter merely gives vent to an honest sentiment, but this *mushroon democrat* advances a doctrine at variance with the principle of true liberty, and at war with every principle that ought to adorn the profession of a virtuous freeman. —I have yet to learn that it is a crime to regret that a democratic Legislature should elect a political *weather cock* to the office of State Treasurer in preference to an old and undeviating democrat. "To speak his thoughts is every freemans right." It is a privilege guaranteed to us by our constitution, and farewell to the liberties of our country when it is in the less curtailed.—Passive obedience and unqualified submission may well comport with the principles of such men as your *Harrisburgh* Correspondent; but it is to a freeman a revolting thought that he must yield tacit assent to the acts of the political party to which he belongs right or wrong—

The appointment of apostates to office, by the Democratic party, has been heretofore, too much practised; and while I retain the power of reflection, and of expressing my sentiments I will deplore it.—None more fervently wishes the prosperity and union of the Democratic party than I do; I hesitate not to declare my belief that it was misplaced confidence that prostrated the party, and it will never again rise while political *trimmers* are preferred to her own uniform and consistent adherents.

The dispute appears to be whether Jacob Holgate ought to have been elected State Treasurer in preference to William Clark. Now no one, who has known those two men since they came into public life, will hesitate for a moment in saying that Mr. Holgate ought to have been the man:—that is if honesty in politics is to be preferred to dishonesty.—It is possible that Clark may be capable of discharging the duties of the office to which he is elected, but as to political integrity there is no one more grossly deficient than Treasurer Clark; and I would advise your *Harrisburgh* correspondent, if he wishes to serve the man whose cause he so warmly espouses, to "*keep dark*" on this subject. The political character of his friend is well known in the Western country; it is therefore worse than nonsense, and savours much of *upstart presumption*, and a disregard of public opinion to deny facts, much more to attempt a vindication of his conduct. It is notorious that Clark was a quid in 1805 warm active and persecuting; and that in more than one instance he exercised an undue influence to injure the election of Simon Snyder—Your Harrisburg correspondent, I believe knows that Clark, when he lived in the Western country was oftener opposed to the Democratic party than he was with it except when he had an office in view. This is in truth the man's character and it is folly to deny it, yet your *Harrisburgh* friend says that he is not afraid to contrast the political character of Mr Clark with that of Mr. Holgate! ! ! I suspect that this fellow is one of the "*glorious few*" that helped to break the back of the party; certain it is that, with his friend Clark, he will assist to keep it prostrate. If it rises with such burdens it is possessed of more strength than I think it is.

I am not afraid to express my belief that the democratic members of the Legislature erred in the election of Mr Clark in preference to Mr. Crane or Mr. Holgate. It is tho' an error of the head and not of the heart, and I flatter myself it will be corrected before the next Governor's Election.—

I hope your correspondent, who scans "*motives and consequences*" with such profundity and "*Cogibundity*," will act in character, and come out honestly and fairly in favor of *mutability*.—"Tempora mutantur et nos mutamur, in illis.

"Men change with fortune, manners change with climes,
Tenets with books, and *principles* with *Times*."

I hope he will not complain more of the want of *tangible* charges. F.

From the New York Gazette.

The bodies of the gentlemen drowned at Durham on Thursday night, in the mail stage, have been recovered: one was Mr. John T. Palmer, about twenty years of age, who had taken passage in the ship Manhattan, for Liverpool on his way to France, to join his family; the other was a Mr. Prentiss, of Boston. The body of the former was found in two hours after the accident, and that of the latter next day.

A gentleman who arrived yesterday afternoon from Albany, informs that the roads are very much cut up, particularly between this and Poughkeepsie. The bridge at Hudson was overflown, and Doctor Hall, of Lebanon, was drowned in attempting to cross it, on horseback. The Hudson is open no further than forty miles up.

From the Franklin Gazette

EXTRACT TO THE EDITOR, DATED *Harrisburg Feb.* 27, 1822.

The Senate have passed a bill for the regulation of weights and measures

The judiciary committee have, through their chairman, reported the following supplement to the consolidated one hundred dollar law:

SECTION 1. Be it enacted, that from and after the passing of this act, no stay of execution shall be allowed after judgment obtained where the defendant, and where there is more than one defendant, some one of the defendants is not a freeholder, unless the defendant or defendants shall enter surety for the payment of the debt, interest and costs, in which case, he, she or they shall be entitled to the same stay of execution to which a freeholder is entitled by the ninth section of the act of the twentieth of March, eighteen hundred and ten, to which this is a supplement.

SECTION 2. And be it further enacted, That when the defendant is is not a freeholder, and execution has issued against him before the time allowed to freeholders has elapsed, and his goods hath been taken in execution, he shall at any time before the sale of his goods be entitled to the usual stay from the time the judgment was rendered. on giving to the justice a bond with sufficient security, to be approved of by the justice, conditioned for the delivery of the property levied on to the constable at the expiration of the stay aforesaid, in as good a situation as at the date of the bond, or in default thereof to pay the amount of the debt, interest and costs.

SECTION 3. And be it further enacted, That no appeal shall be allowed by any alderman or justice of the peace until the party appealing, his or her agent or attorney, shall swear or affirm "that it is not for the purpose of delay that he makes the appeal in this case, but that he verily believes that injustice has been done him, and that he will be compelled to pay more money to or recover less from his opponent than is justly due," which oath or affirmation aforesaid shall be reduced in writing, subscribed by the party and certified by the justice with the appeal."

Pennsylvania Legislature

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Monday March 4. 1822.

PETITIONS.

Mr. Beaumont, that a state road may be laid out from Wilkesbarre to Milton.

Mr. Tarr, remonstrance of sundry stockholders of the Monongahela bank of Brownsville against an extension of the charter of said bank.

Mr. W. Smyth, that commissioners may be appointed to lay out a state road from Bellefonte in Centre County, to Berwick, in Luzerne county

Mr. Magill a division of Mifflin county.

Mr. Kinney, from the Judges of the Courts, the Grand Jury, county commissioners and members of the bar of Bradford county, that the commencements of the courts of quarter session in the 13th judicial district may be changed from Monday to Tuesday.

Mr. Anderson from sundry inhabitants of Mifflin county, stating that Robert Burns, of said county, has invented a Machine which will supply itself with water from a reservoir to give it motion, and praying that the Legislative aid may be granted to enable him to carry his invention into complete effect.—To Holgate, Markle, Negley, Middleswarth, Cassat.

REPORTS.

An act to remedy the defect in selecting Jurors in the county of *Union*.

The House resolved itself into a committee of the whole, Mr. W Smyth in the chair, on the bill—A supplement to the act laying a duty on the retailers of foreign merchandize. It was supported by Mr. Todd, and opposed by Messrs. Lehman, Southerland, Holgate and Broom, upon the ground that it imposes a greater duty on the retailers of the city and county of Philadelphia than the present act.

The first section was negatived, and before a vote [illegible] second, the committee rose, reported progress, and obtained leave to si again.

APPORTIONMENT AND DISTRICT BILL.

A bill fixing the number of Senators and Representatives, and the districts by which they are elected, was reported in the House of Representatives on Saturday last, and alters the former law considerably, as will appear by the following.

Senatorial Districts	*Members.*
1. City of Philadelphia	2
2. County of Philadelphia	2
3. Montgomery	1
4. Chester & Deleware	2
5. Bucks	1
6. Berks & Schuylkill	2
7. Lancaster	2
8. Dauphin & Lebanon	1
9. Northumberland & Union	1
10. Columbia & Luzerne	1
11. Bradford Susquehanna and Tioga	1
12. Northampton Lehigh Pike and Wayne	2
13. Lycoming Centre and Clearfield	1
14. York and Adams	2
15. Franklin	1
16. Cumberland & Perry	1
17. Mifflin & Huntingdon	1
18. Westmoreland	1
19. Fayette	1
20. Washington & Greene	2
21. Allegheny, Beaver & Butler	2
22. Bedford & Somerset	1
23. Erie Crawford and Mercer	1
24. Venango, Warren, Armstrong Indiana, Jefferson and Cambria	1
	33

Representative dis.	*Members*
Philadelphia city	6
county†	7
Montgomery	4
Bucks	4
Chester*	4
Delaware*	1
Lancaster	6
Dauphin	2
Lebanon	2
York	4
Adams	2
Cumberland	2
Perry	1
Berks and Schuylkill	5
Northampton, Pike and Wayne	3
Lehigh	2
Northumberland*	1
Union	2
Columbia†	2
Luzerne & Susquehanna†	3
Washington	4
Greene	1
Westmoreland	3
Fayette	3
Bedford	2
Somerset and Cambria	2
Franklin	3
Mifflin	2
Huntingdon	2
Allegheny and Butler	4
Beaver	1
Bradford†	1
Lycoming, Potter M'Kean and Tioga†	2
Centre and Clearfield†	2
Erie and Warren†	1
Crawford & Venango†	1
Mercer†	1
Armstrong. Indiana and Jefferson	2
	100

The asterisk * denotes a loss in representation, and the dagger † a gain. *Harrisburg Cron.*

From the Baltimore Fed. Repr. Feb. 27

The Pirates.

We are happy to hear from, Washington, that government are engaged in preparing an extensive expedition against the pirates, which must go far to sweep the land as well as the seas of them. The Macedonian under the gallant and accomplished captain Biddle, with four smaller vessels, the whole equipment comprehending about two hundred marines, will be ready to sail in about a month with instructions, at once becoming the honor and interest of our country, and dictated by what may continue to be as it has been, the impatience or indifference of the local authorities, which allow the nefarious outcasts shelter, if not unrestricted supplies. In short if the government of Cuba will not or cannot execute its obligations to us and to all other powers, frequenting the neighboring seas, whilst all proper courtesy is observed to those authorities, our executive means to put an end, at any rate, to the merciless cruelties and ravenous plunders perpetrated upon our citizens, which have painfully, and too long, been the occurrences of every day.

One of the modes of accomplishing [illegible] able stations to our force, in order permanently to watch them, and, occasionally to land and cut them off.—These measures will at length not only redeem, but do honor to the American character, and are loudly called for by every dictate of that protection due to commerce and those concerned in it.

From the Boston Palladium, Feb 27.

The winter session of the legislature of this state was terminated on Saturday last.

Bills to incorporate ten manufacturing companies, and to establish five new banks, have been passed. Several of the manufacturing companies we believe have been established for sometime, but not before incorporated,

The titles of the bills which have been passed to be enacted have been printed with the proceedings of the legislature; and several of the laws have been published.

The bill for establishing the city of Boston, passed to be enacted as it passed to be engrossed, with an additional provision, that it should be void unless the inhabitants should in town meeting express their approbation of it within twelve days.

From the New York Gazette.

Shortly after coming to anchor at Rio Janeiro, captain Stewart, during a heavy rain, went on shore, and paid his respects to the public authorities, and the next day there was an interchange of salutes. It was not known when the Franklin would proceed round Cape Horn.

There was no political news at Monte Video, and the last accounts from Lima, to September 2, represented all as quiet in that quarter.

Captain Pratt, of the Planter, from Matanzas, informs, that a few days before he left, a piratical schooner, of 30 or 40 tons, two brass pieces, and 15 men, had been surprised and captured three leagues to leeward of that place by troops dispatched for the purpose; the captain and three men killed, and four taken prisoners She was known to belong to Havanna. The pirates were very numerous in the neighborhood of Matanzas, and almost every vessel that arrived or sailed was robbed, and the crews and passengers beaten.

The Louisiana Advertiser of the ninth instant says, "we regret to learn that the night before last, a serious accident befel Mr. Hillson, the comedian, and Mr. Graham, the manager in the Charleston theatre. In attempting to go on board of the steam ship, they both fell from the stage which conducted to the vessel, and the leg of the former and the arm of the latter were fractured."

THE LATE WM. PINKNEY, Esq.

The death of Mr. Pinkney is one of those events for which a nation may well mourn. Of his talents and his services his country was justly proud: for to him could she point as one of her highly gifted children, as her ornament and glory. The abilities displayed by this eminent man were not confined to a single sphere. His commanding eloquence partook of the grandeur of the ancient orators; it swayed the auditor with resistless force, and compelled the universal acknowledgement of its superiority.—As a statesman, none have occupied the station of a foreign minister, at arduous and embarrassing periods, with more credit than Mr. Pinkney. His correspondence is a valuable treasure of the principle and maxims that apply to the external policy of our government. In the senate and the cabinet, he was equally regarded as a wise counsellor and an experienced politician. At the bar his erudition was surprisingly great: it displayed, through the veil of a brilliant and overpowering elocution, an acquaintance with the minute details of a science that exacts ordinarily from its successful votaries the entire devotion of their time and application.

His country has possessed eminent and wise statesmen, learned and acute lawyers, discreet and faithful diplomatists, and powerful orators; but there is none now of whom we can say that he has successfully combined all these high characters together; and perhaps we might challange other countries for a man possessing a genius so various, and withal so finished. Yet it was to his oratory, that rare and difficult art, that he principally owed his fame, and

Fire in Washington

or in the senate, he had attained a summit that few, if any, can venture to hope for. If public opinion estimated this at a standard beyond that of all his cotemporaries, his performances, when animated by his subject, never disappointed expectation. In this repect, his place in the country will not be easily filled: and in the indefatigable and successful application of his talent and industry, his example, which is all that is now left, will we trust, not be without its usefulness to those who travel after him the paths of honorable fame. *F. Gaz.*

The Norfolk Herald of the 18th inst. contains the particulars of a tale of villainy by which a Mr. B. Fleury, of N. York, is a severe sufferer. Two Frenchmen, by the names of Vacarie and Beuf, had succeeded in selling to Mr. Fleury *brass filings* for gold dust to the amount of $5,488, with which they decamped, and repeated the experiment it appears, upon some other credulous person in Philadelphia, to the tune of $7000!—They have however, both been caught at Norfolk, and lodged in jail; though no money of consequence was found on them, but several more bags of imitation gold dust.

STEAM CARRIAGE.

An ingenious cotton spinner, of Adwick, near Manchester, has invented a Locomotive or Steam carriage, fo the conveyance of goods or passengers without the aid of horses. After repeated experiments, during the last two years, he has so far succeeded as not to leave a doubt but that it will answer the purpose intended. It will go upon any of the mail roads, up hill or down, at the rate of nine or ten miles an hour; and can be guided with the greatest ease on the most difficult roads.

From the New York Gazette.
Extract from Kingston Jamaica Feb. 8

"By letters received yesterday from London, of the 3d of January, I am informed that our ministers have made known their intentions as to the intercourse shortly to take place between America and the British West Indies; whence sugar, rum, coffee, and other articles, are to be permitted in any quantity to be exported and there appears only one difficulty to be overcome, which is the countervailing duties they are anxious should be imposed by the authority of parliament in place of the colonial legislatures. This must be submitted to rather than forego the boon conceded, which is much more than was ever contemplated."

Washington, Pa. Feb. 25.

FIRE!!

The inhabitants of this place were roused from their beds on Saturday night last, by the cry of fire, at about twelve o'clock—and was discovered to proceed from the back room of Thomas M. T. M'Kennan's law office. The office which was a frame building, and a two story frame house on the adjoining lot, were consumed in despite of the efforts of the citizens. The dwelling house of Mr. M'Kennan and the elegant stone house of Dr. J. J. LeMoyne, on the opposite side of the street were in imminent danger, though saved from the flames. Mr. M'Kennan, saved his papers and books the loss of property belonging to Wm. G. Stone and Amos Denormandy, who occupied the frame house, was inconsiderable as there was sufficient time to remove almost all the goods, &c.

But, all this was a very small matter to what followed—Soon after the fire was chiefly extinguished, and the citizens had principally dispersed the stack of chimneys in the two story frame house fell and killed four persons and severely wounded five others who had all remained on the ground as a watch over the fire. The names of those killed are.

Henry Taylor, a young man 17 or 18 years age, son of Mr. Matthew Taylor, near this borough.

James Wilson aged 14, son of John Wilson Esq of this place.

Jeremiah Decker, jr. a married man and by trade a stone mason, son of Jeremiah Decker of this borough: and Joseph Decker, a small boy of the same family.

Those wounded were:

Thomas M. T. Kennan, esq. by a severe contusion in the small of the back.

Thomas Morgan, esq.—Right leg broken below the knee, and cut and bruised in his body and head.

Alexander Addison, esq. his left wrist dislocated, and an extensive fracture of the scull.

James Wilson, a young lad of 14 or 15 years of age brother of Hugh Wilson, mason, severely bruised in head body and limbs.

A young lad named Linville of Wheeling street injured.

John Rettig, jr. son of widow Retig wounded in the knee.

A son of Mr. Nicholas Lingenfelter got a deep cut in the leg above the knee, before the fire was subdued, by a piece of iron about the engine.

ANIMAL INSTINCT.

We do not think the records of instinct ever contained a more extraordinary instance than we are now about to relate and for the truth whereof we pledge ourselves. A few days since Mr. Joseph Lane, of Fascombe, in the parish Ashelworth in this county, on his return home, turned his horse into a field in which it had been accustomed to graze. A few days before this the horse had been shod, all fours, but unluckily had been pinched in the shoeing of one foot. In the morning Mr. Lane missed the horse, and caused an active search to be made in the vicinity, when the following singular circumstance transpired:—The animal, as may be supposed feeling lame, made his way out of the field by unhanging the gate with his mouth, and went straight to the same farrier's shop, a distance of a mile and a half. The farrier had no sooner opened his shed than the horse which had evidently been standing there some time advanced to the forge and held up the ailing foot; the farrier instantly began to examine the hoof, discovered the injury took off the shoe and replaced it more carefully: on which the horse immediately turned about and set off at a merry pace for his well known pasture. Whilst they chanced to pass by the forge, and on mentioning their supposed loss, the farrier replied, "Oh he has been here and shod, and gone home again;" which on their return, they found to be actually the case.

Cheltenham Chron.

From the Montreal Herald.

A BOLD MANŒUVRE.

Yesterday as an American farmer had just stopped, in the New Market his sleigh laden with pork and other good things, an Irishman of the lower class advanced respectfully to him enquiring 'whether your honor wants ass stance to unload or sell your things" to which the latter answered in the negative and entered a tavern to get some bitters. But he had scarcely been absent a moment, when the obliging applicant jumped into his seat gathered up the reins smacked his whip, and by the exertion of excellent span of horses, quickly disappeared. As soon as Jonathan could recover from his amazement which was pretty considerable, he hired about a dozen carrioles and sent them in pursuit; but as the fugitive had got much the start and would doubtless not spare his cattle (nay if hard pressed would probably throw some of the cargo overboard) the chase we believe was not very successful. Such have been the particulars given us of the daring theft, for which our national sensibility makes us deeply blush.

NEWSPAPERS.

Periodical newspapers are sources from whence most readers may draw information, and it must be allowed, that they have contributed more to general knowledge, than any other species of writing. Amongst the works of this kind, newspapers may be called the original stem from which branched out all the literary ephemera of succeding times. Before newspapers were in use, local knowledge was so circumscribed, that few gentleman knew more of politics or contemporary affairs than what government pleased to discover. These maps of science were first published in the second year of Charles II. by some members of the royal society established in 1662. Sir Roger D'Estrange was the first Editor, and the first newspaper marked 1663, as a memorable epoch in the annals of literature.

London paper.

Situation of France.

The French budget, as reported to the chamber of deputies on the 27th of November last after stating the receipts of the treasury at 890 millions of francs, thus sums up the situation of France: "Such a result of the termination of calamities, which in any other country an age would scarcely be sufficient to efface, evinces among us resources triumphant over the most adverse situations. What other nation besides France would be able, after what she has suffered, even up to 1818, by war and other unhappy circumstances, to present in three years the spectacle which she this day offers! Her political engagements punctually fulfilled; her territory free and tranquil; her commerce and industry increasing in activity; her treasury always full; her securities advancing to par; all her capital in employment whether to acquire, to construct, to repair, or to give an impulse to works of public utility:"

A Congregation of colored people of the Presbyterian denomination, has been lately organized in the City of New York.

Frankfort, Dec. 24

The reports are all warlike for some days past.

A letter from Wilna adds, that the emperor Alexander is shortly expected at the head quarters at Minsk, where he will have an interview with the generals in chief of the armies of the south and west.

The legislature of this state have it in contemplation to adjourn the 26th of March inst.

The Loan Office Bill has been lost in the Senate, as well as in the House of Representatives.

PUBLIC VENDUE.

WILL be exposed to sale by public out cry on Saturday the 23d inst. at the dwelling of the subscriber in the borough of Bellefonte, the following property, viz.

One Eight day Clock, one Fresh Milch Cow, household & kitchen furniture, Hogs, &c. &c. Terms made known on the day of sale.

JOSEPH BUTLER.

Bellefonte, March 14, 1821.

Turnpike Road.

Agreeably to a resolution of the board of Managers of the *Centre and Kishacoquillas* Turnpike Road Company, proposals will be received for making about *twenty two* miles of said road at the following places, viz

At the house of William Thompson in Kishacoquillas valley, on Tuesday the ninth day of April next, for ch[illegible]

seven miles, commencing at Abner Reed's, and ending at the foot of the long mountain.

At the house of John Kerr in Pennsvalley, on the Thursday next following, for about four miles, beginning at the foot of said mountain and ending at Potter's mills.

At the house of Evan Miles, in Bellefonte, on the Saturday next following, for about eleven miles, commencing at Potter's mills aforesaid, and ending in Bellefonte.

A Committee of the board of Managers will attend upon the route a week previous to the days of sale, in order to shew the ground to persons disposed to contract for making the road.

By order of the Board,

PHILIP BENNER, *Prest.*

March 8, 1822.

PROPOSALS,

By George Getz of the borough of Reading, Pennsylvania

FOR PUBLISHING BY SUBSCRIPTION,

A COLLECTION

OF ALL THE USEFUL

PRECEDENTS

IN THE OFFICE OF A

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,

Revised and corrected by a gentleman of the Bar.

TO WHICH WILL BE ADDED,

A Complete System of CONVEYANCING

Embracing upwards of one hundred useful forms, as approved of and practiced by the most eminent conveyancers, the whole being intended to form a compendium of knowledge which will be found eminently useful in the office of every Pennsylvania Justice of the Peace and in the hands of every person who aims at being a correct & expeditious conveyancer; and every as every possible care will be taken to render the work complete, and which the publisher flatters himself himself will suprsede more expensive as many minor and imperfect works, which rather tend to perplex than instruct.

Besides other useful information there will be appended to the work:

1. A vocabulary, containing all the Latin Law Terms in general use, with their definitions.

2. A rule to calculate Interest for any number of months and days upon any given sum of money, in a manner entirely new, combining expedition with correctness, and capable of being understood in a few minutes.

3. A table showing at a single glance, the number of days from any day in one month to the same day in any other month.

Conditions.

The work will be printed on the first quality writing paper, in quarto form, with entire new type, and will contain about 150 pages.

The price to subscribers will be 125 cents per copy, neatly bound with morocco back, and lettered.

Any person procuring 10 subscribers and becoming responsible for the money, shall be entitled to a copy gratis.

The work will be put to press as soon as 500 subscribers are obtained, and finished with all possible despatch.

Subscriptions are most respectfully solicited by the publisher, at his printing office and book-store, South Callowhill Street, Reading.

Reading March 2, 1822.

NEW GOODS.

The Subscriber, thankful for past favors, informs his friends and the public in general, that in addition to this time opening a handso general assortment of

Dry Goods & Groceries,

suitable for the Spring season; wh he will be enabled to sell at the low est prices for Cash or country produce.

John M'Kee.

Bellefonte, March 6, 1822.

N. B. The highest price given for clean linen & cotton rags, bees-wax, tallow, Deers horns, ox and cow horns at his store.

CAUTION.

Whereas we gave Samuel Osborne a promisory note for twenty one dollars. We therefore caution all persons from taking an assignment on said note, as we are determined not to pay the same unless compelled by law.

JAMES BROWN,
WILLIAM BROWN.

March 2nd 1822.

NOTICE.

All persons indebted to the estate of *Phineas Davidson*, late of Halfmoon township, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having demands to present them for settlement.

JOHN P. DAVIDSON,
Acting Administrator.

Feb. 15, 1822.

TO LET

A valuable tract of land, situated in Pike township, Clearfield county, containing three hundred acres, NINETY of which is cleared and under good fence, with a good house and Kitchen and log barn, with a bearing orchard thereon consisting of two hundred trees. ALSO, ONE HUNDRED ACRES of Woodland for sale, part of which is first rate bottom; for which an indisputable title will be given by the subscriber.

JOHN FERGUSON.

Nov'r 8, 1821.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons indebted to the estate of the late WILLIAM PETRIKIN, are requested to make payment, and those having demands, to present them for settlement immediately.

HENRY PETRIKIN,
acting executor.

Dec. 3d. 1821.

Bank Note Exchange.

IN PHILADELPHIA.

United States Branches,	½ ct. dis.
Boston,	1 do
New-Hampshire,	2 do
Connecticut,	1 do
New-York City banks	par
New-York country notes	1 to 5 dis
New-Jersey.	
Trenton,	1 dis
Mount Holly,	par
Cumberland,	do
Newark,	do
Brunswick Bank,	do
Sussex Bank,	do
State Bank at Trenton,	do
At Elizabethtown	do
At Morristown	do
At Patterson	do
At Brunswick	do
Pennsylvania.	
Philadelphia notes,	par
Germantown	do
Easton Bank,	do
Camden	do
Chester county Bank,	do
West Chester	do
Montgomery county Bank,	do
Northampton Bank,	do
Farmers Bank, Lancaster,	do
Harrisburg Bank	do
Far. Bank Bucks co.	do
BANK NOTES AT A DISCOUNT.	
Reading,	3
Old Bank of Carlisle,	2
New Hope Bridge,	1
Bank at Milton,	15
Chambersburg,	2
Little York,	2
Gettysburg,	2
Swatara Bank,	2
Pittsburg Notes,	1
Centre Bank	20
Columbia bridge com.	2
Greensburg	10
Brownsville	10
All the rest of Pennsylvania notes of Incorported banks	no sales

---

Justices and Constables Fee Bills, neatly executed for sale at this office.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES
OF CENTRE COUNTY.

Statement of money received by the Treasurer of Centre county, from the first day of January 1821 until the eighth day of January 1822, both inclusive.

Cash received from county collectors		$3513 82	
do	taxes on unseated lands	1364 55	
do	from the estate of John Dunlop, dec'd.	1045 75	
do	amount of Judgment vs Hugh Gallagher	206 45	
do	fsom John Mitchell, esq. on account of his balance	373 29	
do	from Wm. Petrikin, esq. court fines	8 25	
			$6512 11
Balance due Treasurer			271 58
			$6783 69

The following statement shews the amount due the county of Centre from sundry persons

In the hands of Collectors			$7147 95
Am't of judg't vs Clearfield county, Aug't 1819		$1348 69	
Am't of balance per settlement 28th Nov. 1820		146 78	
		1495 47	
CR.—By cash, 5th Sept. 1820	$85 40		
do for Wm. Pettit's jud't	186 31		
		271 71	
			1223 76
Bonds of sundry persons, with interest			338 53
Thomas Hall and John Hall, sr, execution in the hands of W. Alexander late Sheriff—debt $92 and int. from 27 April 1815—$36 80			128 80
Balance in the hands of John Mitchell, esq. late Treasurer, with interest to this date			1078 13
Total			$9917 17

Amount of old orders paid by Treasurer	$2121 00	
do Orders issued in 1821	4567 69	
Road viewers paid	95 00	
Total amount of monies paid by Treasurer in 1821		$6783 69

Amount of orders paid by Treasurer for 1821	$4567 69	
Road orders remaining unpaid	294 94	
		$4862 63

Orders drawn by the Commissioners on the Treasurer, from the 22nd day of January 1821, until the 8th day of January 1822.

COURT HOUSE & PRISON EXPENSES.

George Williams for repairing bell of court house	$3 25
James Williams for repairing court house	11 37
John Hall, jr do and jail	4 07
Henry Vandyke part payment for building court house steps	30 00
Rosanna Cull for cleaning court house	4 25
Daniel Billew for wood for court house	44 75
H. Humes paper for Commissioners room	2 50
H. Petrikin paper, advertising, &c.	8 88
P. Cambridge for glass for court house	1 52
P. Benner, & co. for a ledger	3 50
Tho's Hastings jr wood for prison	8 75
W Marshall do do	11 00
J. Williams do do	23 85
J Rothrock do do	8 00
Samuel Flack for hauling D Lewis to the grave	1 00
J Williams for boarding prisoners &c.	97 41
J Kelogg for Candlesticks, &c	1 56
	265 66

EXPENSES IN SUNDRY CASES.

Wolf and Panther premiums	$61 68
Expenses in cases of the Commonwealth vs sundry persons	233 58
I. D Parker, esq. bills of Philadelphia prison for support of Williams & Hains	66 20
Education of Poor children	289 60
Refunded to J P De Haas on duplicate of county tax	12 80
do to purchasers of land at Com'rs sales	36 68
	$1266 16

MISCELLANEOUS ARTICLES.

Supervisors orders on unseated lands	733 67
Jurors pay	1230 02
Constables pay	57 00
Auditors pay	30 00
William Murray, Commissioners pay	73 00
M. Allison do	91 00
J Bollinger do	91 00
H. Petrikin, clerk to Commissioners, bal. due him	140 00
Assessors pay	226 75
W. Alexander, expenses in Philadelphia in collecting taxes on lands	50 50
Sundry printing and advertising, sheriffs proclamations, &c	117 50
Election Expenses	169 49
Attorney General's fees	20 00
Clerk of the Sessions do	60 83
W. Alexander late Treasurer for the bal. due him per Aud. report 1820	505 64
Total amount of orders issued by the Commissioners	$4862 63

The foregoing is a true statement of the Receipts and Expenditures of the County money from the date above stated.

ATTEST,
J. RANKIN, Jr. Clk.

M. ALLISON,
J. BOLLINGER,
J. ADAMS.
} Commissioners.

Balances due by Collectors in Centre county.

David Tipton	Howard township	1810	$66 32	William Fisher	Boggs	ditto	26 71
John Scott	Halfmoon	1818	43 80	John Rhule	Miles	1820	52 17
John Haziet	Bald Eagle	1811	5 13	PhilipBenner	Spring	ditto	260 54
Joseph Potter	Patton	1813	37 42	John Smith	Howard	ditto	142 76
James Crawford	Borough	1813	49 32	Adam Gray	Patton	ditto	63 44
Paul Wolf	Miles	1814	16 51	Andrew Eakins	Lamar	ditto	144 81
William Moore	Bald Eagle	1814	77 16	George Grenninger	Logan	ditto	12 41
Nathan Harvey	ditto	1815	35 95	Henry Snyder	Bald Eagle	ditto	50 19
Hardman Philips	Rush	1815	14 88	James Neil	Walker	ditto	105 17
John Hoover	Spring	1815	92 91	Christian King	Halfmoon	ditto	107 31
William Turner	Patton	1816	53 71	George Hubler	Ferguson	ditto	116 42
John Campbell	Ferguson	1816	10 87	Michael Musser	Haines	ditto	139 79
Absomin Ligget	Howard	1817	44 68	Wm. Alexander	Boggs	ditto	30 31
Philip Walker	Bald Eagle	1817	16 74	John Irvin	Potter	ditto	442 68
Francis Graham	Spring	ditto	106 32	John M'Kee	Borough	ditto	27 20
John Spencer	Halfmoon	ditto	3 95	Henry Lorain	Rush	ditto	35 30
Benjamin Goodwin	Haines	1818	29 26	William Bailey	Ferguson	1821	235 47
Jeremiah Culbertson	Ferguson	ditto	158 10	Wm. M'Kibbon	Lamar	ditto	243 77
Richard Carey	Spring	ditto	93 97	Thomas M'Calmont	Walker	ditto	186 13
Michael Sweany	Boggs	ditto	15 57	George Brown	Bald Eagle	ditto	169 83
Joseph Oils	Patton	ditto	38 41	Peter Neise	Haines	ditto	336 74
John Snyder	Walker	ditto	91 26	Henry Pennington	Potter	ditto	578 69
John Quay	Bald Eagle	ditto	89 43	Jacob Aairs	Rush	ditto	41 26
Michael Meese	Howard	1819	121 43	Andrew Hunter	Patton	ditto	94 24
Henry Dale	Ferguson	ditto	88 91	Richard Shaffer	Miles	ditto	243 73
Jeremiah Merit	Patton	ditto	20 89	Henry Spangler	Logan	ditto	58 77
Joseph Miles	Borough	ditto	48 08	John L. Thompson	Halfmoon	ditto	165 74
Thomas M'Clelland	Spring	ditto	21 76	George Lonberger	Borough	ditto	59 05
William Rankin	Potter	1819	243 57	Jacob Runner	Howard	ditto	140 14
Andrew Weaver	Walker	ditto	32 82	P. H. Tierney	Boggs	ditto	177 99
Edward Sutherland	Lamar	ditto	185 89	Martin Houser	Spring	ditto	278 76
Benjamin Goodwin	Haines	ditto	188 61				
Patrick Moore	Bald Eagle	ditto	137 06				
Samuel Henderson	Halfmoon	ditto	25 51				
Anthony Wolf	Miles	ditto	47 20				$7147 95

NOTICE.

Whereas Anthony Crotzer obtained a note for ten dollars and fifty cents from the subscriber, in an unlawful manner. I therefore caution all persons from taking a transfer of said note, as I am determined not to pay the same unless compelled by law.

THOMAS MOORE, jr.

Halfmoon township, Feb. 9th 1822

NOTICE.

All persons indebted to the estate of JOHN WOODS, late of Potter township, deceased, are requested to make payment; and those having demands are informed that the administrators will attend at the house of William Kerr, esq. in said township, on Friday the 1st day of March next, where all accounts properly attested, will be received for settlement.

FRANCIS M'EWEN,
WILLIAM M'MINN,
Administrators.

Feb. 1st 1822.

Look Here.

The Subscriber informs FURNACE owners, and others, that he carries on the business of making

Stove Patterns,

and Patterns for Castings, generally. Orders addressed to him, No. 176 North Front St. Philadelphia, will be promptly attended to.

Powell Stackhouse.

2nd Mo. 1st day 1822.

NOTICE

The Docket of Wm. Petrikin dec'd has been retained by his legal representatives, agreeably to the 16th tion of the Act of the 20th March 1819. Transcripts of Judgments will be given at any time, but those calling for them must *first pay the costs*, otherwise they will not be issued—this is an indispensible requisite.

The executors have in their possession a great number of deeds which they would thank the owners to take away and pay the Recording fees. I those interested will not comply with this request, some other means must be resorted to, in order to compel the payment of the fees.

To those Concerned.

ALL persons indebted to the estate Samuel Lamb, late of Walker township, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having demands to present their accounts legally attested for settlement.

JOHN BECK,
WM. M'KIBBON,
} *Ex'rs.*

Nov. 27, 1821.

To Rent or Sell,

A tract of land situate on Logars Branch about two miles from Bellefonte, containing forty acres and thirty perches. There are on the premises a dwelling house and Barn, together

apply to the subscriber living on the premises, in Spring township.

RICHARD CAREY.

Jan. 21, 1822.

PARTNERSHIP

The subscribers having entered into partnership, make known, that they will do all kind of

Carpenter Work,

on the shortest notice, and in the best manner, and as cheap as possibly can be done.

JOHN BAER,
DAVID PRUNER.

Jan. 22d 1822.

BLANKS!